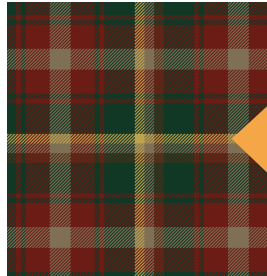


# SYMBOLS OF CANADA



## National Flag of Canada

Also Referred to as a “Maple Leaf”, the flag received Royal Proclamation and was first flown on 15 February, 1965.



## National Tartan

Designed in 1964 and declared an official emblem of Canada in 2011, the colours reflect the maple leaf through the four seasons.



## National Sports

Lacrosse and Ice Hockey were officially adopted as the two National Sports of Canada on 12 May, 1994.



## Armorial Bearings (Shield)

Granted 30 April, 1921, the shield refers to the Royal Arms of England, Scotland, Ireland and France, together with three red maple leaves for Canada.



## RCMP

The Royal Canadian Mounted Police, commonly referred to as “Mounties”, can trace its roots to 1868.



## Canada 150 Logo

Comprised of a series of diamonds in the shape of a maple leaf. The four center diamonds represent the four original provinces that formed Confederation, and the nine points the provinces and territories that followed. It was designed by Ariana Cuvin.



CANADA 150  
1867-2017



## Coat-of-Arms

Also referred to as the Arms of Canada, or the Queen in Right of Canada, they were proclaimed by King George V on 21 November, 1921.



## The Great Seal of Canada

Granted in 1869, the Great Seal is changed when a new monarch ascends to the throne, with the current one adopted in 1952.



## Beaver

Royal Assent was granted on 24 March, 1975 for the beaver (*Castor Canadensis*) to become a “National Symbol” of the Sovereignty of Canada.



## Maple Tree

The common Maple Tree became the official National Tree of Canada in 1996.



## Inuksuk

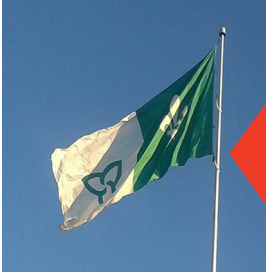
Inuksuk is a figure made of piled stones or boulders traditionally constructed by the Inuit and used as a hunting and navigational aid.



## Motto of the Dominion of Canada

A Mari usque ad Mare (From Sea to Sea) was first used in 1906, and was officially adopted on 21 November, 1921.

# SYMBOLS OF ONTARIO



## Franco-Ontario Flag

Recognized under provincial law as the official emblem of Ontario's French-speaking community. Created in 1975, it was officially recognized in 2001.



## Licence Plate Motto

"Yours to Discover" replaced "Keep It Beautiful" as the Ontario license plate motto in 1982.



## The Great Seal of Ontario

The seal has been used since 1 January, 1870. It is used to authenticate documents issued by the government of Ontario.



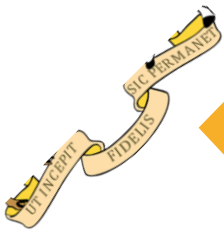
## White Trillium

The Trillium Grandiflorum, or White Trillium, became the provincial emblem of Ontario in 1937.



## Ontario 150

Formerly Upper Canada and Canada West, Ontario was formed in 1867 as part of Canadian Confederation.



## Ontario Motto

Ut Incepit Fidelis Sic Permanet (Loyal she began, loyal she remains) was granted in 1868, and refers to the Province's connections to the United Empire Loyalist settlement.



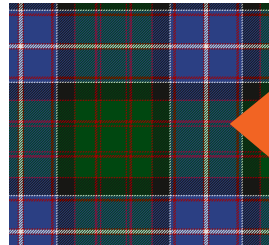
## Armorial Bearings (Shield)

Officially granted by Royal Warrant in 1868. The Cross of St. George represents Ontario's relationship with the Crown. The 3 gold maple leaves are a symbol of Canada.



## Common Loon

The Common Loon (*Gavia immer*) was chosen as the official bird of Ontario 23 June, 1994.



## Tartan of Ontario

Ontario's official tartan was designed in 1965 and officially received Royal Assent in 23 June, 2000.



## Eastern White Pine

The large pine tree is native to eastern North America and the Great Lakes region. It became the official Provincial Tree of Ontario in 1984.



## Flag of Ontario

The flag is the Red Ensign, with the Royal Union Standard in the canton and the Ontario Shield in the fly. The flag was introduced in 1965 after the Great Flag Debate for a new national flag.



## Coat-of-Arms

The coat of arms of Ontario was granted by Royal Warrant of Queen Victoria on 26 May 1868. It was augmented by Royal Warrant of King Edward VII on 27 February, 1909.



CANADA 150  
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# SYMBOLS OF PEEL



## Peel Region Flag

The flag was approved by council on 12 July 1979. Its shield is rooted in the former County of Peel, and the stripes represents the three municipalities.



## Region of Peel Logo

The Regional Corporate Signature features a styled "P" that is divided into three parts, representing the three municipalities working together.



## Town of Caledon Flag

The symbol was adopted on 25 November 2011 to reflect the town's past in industry and agriculture.



## Flower City Brampton

The city logo is a yellow rose centred in a blue rectangle. The rose itself connects Brampton with its past as a major grower and exporter of roses.



MISSISSAUGA

## Mississauga City Logo

Launched in 2014, it is rooted in the idea of growth. The five shapes represent the pillars of Mississauga's Strategic Plan: connect, move, prosper, belong, and green initiative.



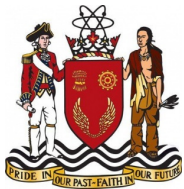
## Dufferin-Peel Catholic School Board

The school board oversees 148 schools throughout Mississauga, Brampton, Caledon, and Dufferin County.



## Peel District School Board

Unveiled in 2005, the logo was the collaborative result of school board staff, as part of an initiative in developing a new visual identity.



## Mississauga Coat of Arms

It is a ceremonial symbol that tells the story of the "First Purchase" between the Crown and Native Mississaugas.



## Brampton City Crest

It was created in 1974 as the official crest of the newly incorporated City of Brampton. Its symbols convey the historical roots of its various towns and townships.



## Peel 150 Logo

The regional government was formed in 1851, but Peel became an official county in 1867, which would last until 1974 when it was changed to the Region of Peel.



## Peel Regional Police (PRP)

Formed in 1974, the PRP is the second largest municipal police service in Ontario, serving over 1.3 million residents in Mississauga and Brampton.



## Mississauga Flag

The city's official flag features the City Crest on a blue background, and printed on blue and orange as the official city colours.



CANADA 150  
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