



VOLUME SEVEN

LEGEND OF THE MISSISSAUGA MIRACLE

WRITER: RICKY LIMA

ARTIST/LETTERER/LAYOUT: DANIEL WONG

COLOURIST: HERBERT KWAN

TITLE LOGO: MIKE TRAN

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BY GUISEPPE AND ISABELLA

n the evening of November 10th, 1979, citizens in the young City of Mississauga were unaware that something catastrophic was about to occur.

1979 Train Derailment

Freight trains frequently carry hazardous materials through the City of Mississauga. CP train #54 was carrying 106 rail cars from Sarnia to Toronto on a weekly scheduled run. Thirty-eight cars were carrying cargo that the Canadian Transport Commission designated as hazardous materials, including liquid styrene, caustic soda, liquid petroleum products, including highly explosive propane and butane, and liquid chlorine.

At approximately 11:53 pm, as the train crossed Burnhamthorpe Road, an axle bearing failed and one rail car lost a pair of wheels. The train continued until, at approximately 11:56 pm at the Mavis Road crossing, 24 rail cars derailed. Massive explosions, caused by ruptures in butane- and propane-carrying rail cars, were seen more than 100 kilometres away. One explosion hurled a 90-ton tanker car filled with liquid propane more than 675 metres away from the derailment site. The night sky shone orange in the fire, and Mississauga residents could see, hear and feel the evolving emergency.

The initial cause of the derailment was a "hot box" – or an overheated journal box that connected the moving axle of the wheel to the car above. Car 33 had an older model journal box that had failed. When the dangling undercarriage of the damaged car left the rail tracks, 23 other cars followed it, 19 of which carried dangerous commodities.

In the midst of the burning wreckage was a leaking chlorine car. This, coupled with the magnitude of the accident and changing wind patterns, resulted in a series of expanding evacuations, which by Sunday evening had



encompassed much of the City of Mississauga. The emergency response saw an evacuation of more than 226,000 residents.

The first policeman on the scene, having seen the initial explosion, arrived at 11:58 pm, while firefighters arrived by 12:04 am. Emergency personnel initiated the Peel Regional Police Disaster Plan, which coordinated the immediate emergency response. Once the Peel Regional Police had established a Command Post, the Emergency Operations Control Group, dubbed the "Think Tank", began to evaluate the situation and direct mitigation procedures.

As the threat of the fires was quelled and the chlorine car eventually sealed, the evacuation orders were gradually lifted, and residents were allowed to return to their homes in stages beginning on Tuesday, November

13th. The final evacuation order was not lifted until Friday, November 16th, six days after the initial derailment.

The derailment tested our young City and our citizens as they had never been tested before. It forced our citizens to flee. This first major emergency faced by the young City tested its mettle, its leadership, its emergency services, its organization, and its citizens – all of which passed the test with flying colours. Referred to as the "Mississauga Miracle", there was no loss of life, and no permanent scarring on the land, the people, or the collective psyche.





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